TRANSPORTATION POOLED FUND PROGRAM QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT

Date: <u>Sept 30, 2016</u>			
Lead Agency (FHWA or State DOT): _	_Indiar	na DOT	
INSTRUCTIONS: Project Managers and/or research project investigation of the project are active. Project task that is defined in the proposal; a perothe current status, including accomplishments aduring this period.	lease provide a centage compl	a project schedule statu etion of each task; a cor	s of the research activities tied to ncise discussion (2 or 3 sentences) of
Transportation Pooled Fund Program Project # (i.e, SPR-2(XXX), SPR-3(XXX) or TPF-5(XXX)		Transportation Pooled Fund Program - Report Period:	
		□Quarter 1 (January 1 – March 31)	
<u>TPF 5-238</u>		□Quarter 2 (April 1 – June 30)	
		XQuarter 3 (July 1 – September 30)	
		□Quarter 4 (October 1 – December 31)	
Design and Fabrication Standards to Eliminate Fracture Classified as Fracture Critical Name of Project Manager(s): Tommy E. Nantung Phone Number (765) 463-15		per:	E-Mail tnantung@indot.in.gov
Lead Agency Project ID:	Other Project ID (i.e., contract #):		Project Start Date: 8/1/2011
Original Project End Date: 7/31/2014	Current Project End Date: 7/31/2014		Number of Extensions: None
Project schedule status: ☐ On schedule X On revised schedu Overall Project Statistics:	ıle	☐ Ahead of schedu	ule
•		t to Date for Project	Percentage of Work
ф 7 00 000	-		Completed to Date
\$790,000		\$785,715	98%
Quarterly Project Statistics:			
Total Project Expenses and Percentage This Quarter		ount of Funds d This Quarter	Total Percentage of Time Used to Date
\$17,308	-		100%

Project Description:

The objective of this research project is to take advantage of the major advances that have occurred in the past 30 years in the following areas related to fracture control in steel bridges:

- 1. The very high toughness of high performance steel (HPS), which was not available 30 years ago, can be used to take brittle fracture off the table so to speak. Crack arrest and very large defect tolerance can be ensured in these steels. Similar strategies have been employed by other industries for several years.
- 2. Modern fatigue design and detailing can ensure fatigue cracking does not occur.
- 3. Modern fabrication, shop inspection and the AWS FCP, greatly reduces the likelihood that defects are not introduced during fabrication. Advancements in NDT techniques along with technologies not regularly used, such as phased array UT have the potential to further reduce the chance of a defect being missed.

Progress this quarter (includes meetings, work plan status, contract status, significant progress, etc.):

- All phases of experimental and analytical work were completed
- Draft Final report summarizing Phase II full-scale testing and FEA is about 95% completed

Anticipated work next quarter:

• Submit Phase II final report

Significant Results:

During the past quarter, the major steps forward included:

- 1. Complete all phases of experimental and analytical work.
- 2. The final report for Phase II was nearly completed

Circumstance affecting project or budget. (Please describe any challenges encountered or anticipated that might affect the completion of the project within the time, scope and fiscal constraints set forth in the agreement, along with recommended solutions to those problems).

Potential Implementation:

None to date